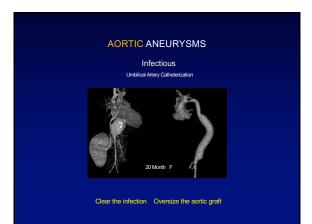
MANAGEMENT OF PEDIATRIC ARTERIAL and ABDOMINAL AORTIC ANEURYSMS in 2024: DIFFERING ETIOLOGIES NECESSITATE DIFFERENT THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS

James C StanleyJonathon L EliasonRobert J BeaulieuDawn M Coleman

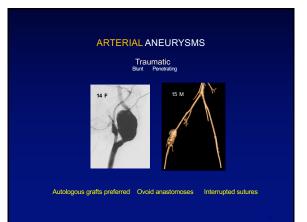
VEITH Symposium November 2024 No Disclosures



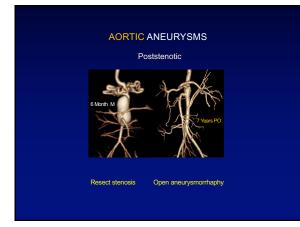


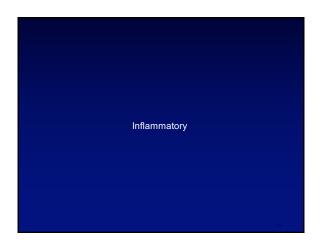




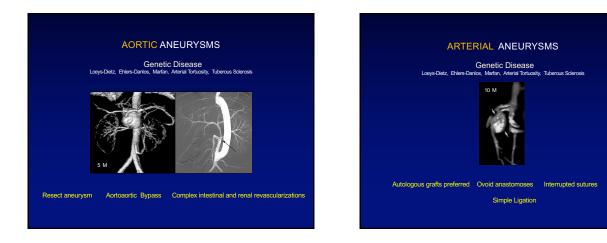




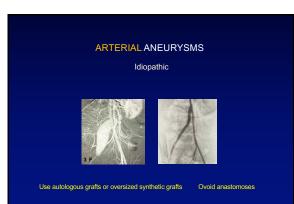


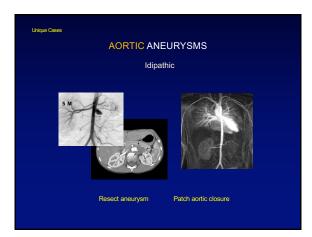


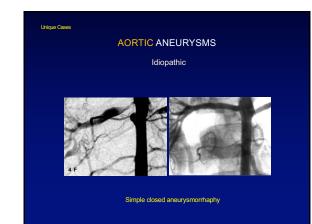


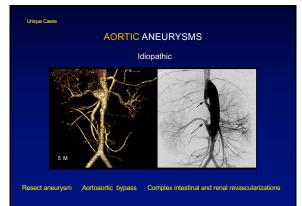












## INTERVENTIONS

Arterial Aneurysms - Successful 97%,

Aneurysmectomy with Reanastomosis, Reimplantation, Angioplastic Closure, Bypass; Plication, Operative Ligation, Endovascular Occlusion

Abdominal Aortlc Aneurysms - Successful 91%

Aneurysmorrhaphy (Closed, Open), Aneurysmectomy with Thoracoabdominal, Interposition Aortic, or Aortoiliac Bypass

## CONCLUSION

Poorly-Defined Natural History Frequent Rupture and Death in Large Aneurysms

Treatment often Anecdotal but Logical Complex Interventions may be required to assure Continued Growth

